	ICT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
Product Name:	FLOORGUARD 5500 (PART B)
Product Use:	Hardener for epoxy resin
Manufacturer/Supplier:	SISSONS PAINTS (THAILAND) LTD.
Address:	91/2 Moo 3 Suwinthawong Road, Minburi, Bangkok 10510
	Tel. +66(0) 2517 1146, +66(0) 2918 6760-1, Fax. +66(0) 2517 2137
SECTION 2 COMPOSITION/IN	FORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
Chemical Characteristic :	Cycloaliphatic amine
Ingredients	CAS.No. Percent
Modified cycloaliphatic amine	Not established 100
SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIF	
Emergency Overview	Corrosive
	Components of the product may affect the nervous system Severe eye irritant
	Severe respiratory irritant
	May cause sensitization by skin contact
POTENTIALS HEALTH EFFECTS	They cause sensitization by skill contact
Eye contact :	Corneal edema may give rise to a perception of "blue haze" or "fog"
,	around lights. Exposed individuals may see rings around bright
	lights. This effect is temporary and has no known residual effect.
	Product vapor can cause glaucopsia (corneal edema) when absorbed
	into the tissue of the eye from the atmosphere. Causes eye burns.
	May cause blindness. Severe eye irritation.
Skin contact :	Causes skin burns. If absorbed through the skin, may cause central
	nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, dizziness, confusion, breathing difficulties.
Ingestion :	If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a
ingestion .	danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach.
Inhalation :	Harmful if inhaled and may cause delayed lung injury. Can cause
	severe eye skin and respiratory tract burns. Risk of serious damage
	to the lungs (by inhalation of aerosol may cause irritation to the
	upper respiratory tract. May cause central nervous system effects,
	such as headache, nausea, dizziness, confusion, breathing
	difficulties. Severe cases of overexposure can result in respiratory
	failure. Inhalation of vapors and/or aerosols in high concentration
	may cause irritation of respiratory system.
Chronic Health Hazard :	This product contains no listed carcinogens according to IARC,
	ACGIH, NTP and/or OSHA in concentrations of 0.1% or greater. May
	cause allergic skin reaction.
EXPOSURE GUIDELINES	Chin Fues Despiratory system Control persons system
Target Organs :	Skin, Eyes, Respiratory system, Central nervous system
Symptoms :	Repeated and/or prolonged exposure to low concentrations of vapors and/or aerosols may cause Sore throat.
AGGRAVATED MEDICAL COND	• •
	Eye disease Skin disorders ad Allergies. Asthma, Neurological
	disorders.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES			
General advice :	Seek medical advice. If breathing has stopped or is labored, give		
	assisted respirations. Supplemental oxygen may be indicated. If the		
	heart has stopped, trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary		
	resuscitation immediately.		
EYES:	Immediately rinse eyes with a large amount of running water. Hold		
	eyelids apart to rinse the entire surface of the eyes and lids. Do not		
SKINI	apply any medicating agents except on the advice of a physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Do not apply any medicating		
SKIN:	agents except on the advice of a physician. Remove contaminated		
	clothing and decontaminate prior to use. NOTE TO PHYSICIANS:		
	Application of corticosteroid d cream has been effective in treating		
	skin irritation.		
INHALATION:	If breathing has stopped or is labored, give assisted respirations.		
	Supplemental oxygen may be indicated. If the heart has stopped,		
	trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation		
	immediately. Move to fresh air.		
INGESTION:	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If a person vomits		
	when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position. Never		
	give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Prevent		
	aspiration of vomit. Turn victim's head to the side.		
SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING M	EASURES		
Hazardous combustion produ	ucts: Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide. May generate		
	ammonia gas. May generate toxic nitrogen oxide gases. Burning		
	produces noxious and toxic fumes. Downwind personnel must be		
	evacuated.		
Extinguishing media:	Foam, and carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, lime stone powder.		
Other Flammability Informat	ion: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition		
	products may cause a health hazard. Appropriate breathing		
	apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire		
Duata ativa Fauliana anto fan Fi	with water. Do not release runoff from fire to sewers or waterway.		
Protective Equipments for Fil	re Fighting: Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full protective equipment.		
	(SCBA) and full protective equipment.		
SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RE			
Procedures for dealing with r	•		
	Control spill at its source. Contain spill to prevent from spreading or		
	from entering sewage or drainage of systems or any body of water.		
	Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions outlines in		
	Section 8.		
	For small spills, cover with an absorbent material such as pet litter. Sweep up, and place in an approved chemical container. Wash the		
	spill area with water containing a strong detergent, absorb with pet		
	litter or other absorbent material, sweep up and place in a chemical		
	container. Seal the container and handle in an approved manner.		
	Flush the area with water to remove any residue. Do not allow wash		
	water to contaminate water supplies.		

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND S	TORAGE			
Handling:	Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid breathing vapors and/or aerosols. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid contact with eyes. Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be readily accessible. Adhere to work practice rules established by government regulations. Use personal protective equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.			
Storage:	Do not store near acids. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.			
SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTR	ROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION			
Eye: Skin:	Do not get in eyes. Wear chemical goggles. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Wear protective clothing and gloves e.g. butyl-rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene gloves, impervious gloves, PVC disposable gloves.			
Respiratory protection: Engineering Controls:	Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Good general ventilation should be sufficient for most conditions.			
SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES				
Appearance: Odour: pH:	Colorless Liquid Ammoniacal 9			
Vapour pressure:	< 10.34 mmHg @ 21°C			
Water solubility:	<0.1 g/l			
Flash point:	96 °C			
Boiling point:	205 °C			
Density:	Approx. 1.03 g/ml			
SECTION 10 STABILITY AND R	FACTIVITY			
Stability :	Stable under normal conditions.			
Materials to Avoid :	Reactive metal, material active to hydroxyl compounds, organic acids, mineral acid, sodium hypochlorite, oxidizing agent, Reaction with peroxides may result in violent decomposition of peroxide possibly creating an explosion.			
Hazardous flammable:	Nitric acid, ammonia, Nitrogen oxide, CO, CO ₂ , aldehydes,			
Decomposition Product	hydrocarbon fragments.			
SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL Acute Health Hazard				
Ingestion :	LD50 : 2,369 mg/kg Species : Rat			
Inhalation :	No data is available on the product itself.			
Inhalation - Components	·			
Benzyl alcohol	LC50 (4 h) : > 4.178 mg/l OECD Test Guideline403 Species : Rat.			
Dermal :	LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg Species : Rat.			
Skin irritation/ corrosion. :	Corrosive to the skin of a rabbit			
Eye irritation/ corrosion : Chronic Health Hazard	Severe eye irritation. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Rats exposed orally to 800 mg/kg benzyl alcohol f or thirteen weeks exhibited CNS depression and histopathological changes in the			
	brain, thymus and skeletal muscles. The No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL) was 400 mg/kg. No evidence of carcinogenicity was seen in a two-year study with rats and mice.			

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
Ecotoxicity effects				
Aquatic toxicity :	No data is available on the product itself.			
Toxicity to fish - Components	- F			
Benzyl alcohol	LC50: 10 mg/l Species : Bluegill, sunfish(Lepomismacrochirus)			
Benzyl alcohol	LC50: 460 mg/l Species : Fathead minnow (Pimephalespromelas)			
Toxicity to algae - Components				
Benzyl alcohol	LC50 (72 h) : 700 mg/l Species : Algae.			
Toxicity to other organisms :	No data available.			
Persistence and degradability				
Mobility :	No data available.			
Bioaccumulation :	No data is available on the product itself.			
Biodegradability :	No data is available on the product itself.			
Bioaccumulation - Component	•			
. Benzyl alcohol	Low bioaccumulation potential.			
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SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSI	DERATIONS			
Disposal :	Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of			
	water. All disposal methods must be in compliance with federal, or			
	local laws and regulations.			
SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFO	RMATION			
DOT	1012222			
UN/ID No. :	UN2289			
Proper shipping name :	Isophoronediamine Mixture			
Class :	8			
Packing group :				
Label(s) :	8			
IATA				
UN/ID No. :	UN2289			
Proper shipping name :	Isophoronediamine Mixture			
Class :	8			
Packing group :	8 			
Label(s) :	8			
Lavel(S).	0			
IMDG				
UN/ID No. :	UN2289			
Proper shipping name :	Isophoronediamine Mixture			
Class :	8			
Packing group :				
Label(s) :	8			
, -				
Further Information				
The transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory data relating to this				
	rtation information, contact an Air Products customer service			
representative.	,			

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) 12(b) Component(s) : None WHMIS Hazard Classification Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects, Corrosive Material

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Health :	3
Flammability :	1
Physical hazard :	0

The information and recommendations contained herein are based on information believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied is made with respect to the information provided herein.